

# California Project Management Methodology Express Training



# Welcome!

Instructor Info



# Logistics

- Start and finish
- Breaks and lunch
- Facilities, telephones, and messages
- Questions, class discussions, and exercises
- Downloaded materials





#### Introductions

- Name
- Organization
- Job responsibility
- How long have you been with your organization?
- Describe your project management experience



- At the conclusion of this session each participant will be able to:
  - Describe the CA-PMM
  - Navigate and complete the Concept Toolkit
  - Navigate and complete the CA-PMM Toolkit
  - Describe the OCIO policies regarding the use of the CA-PMM



#### IT Policy Letter

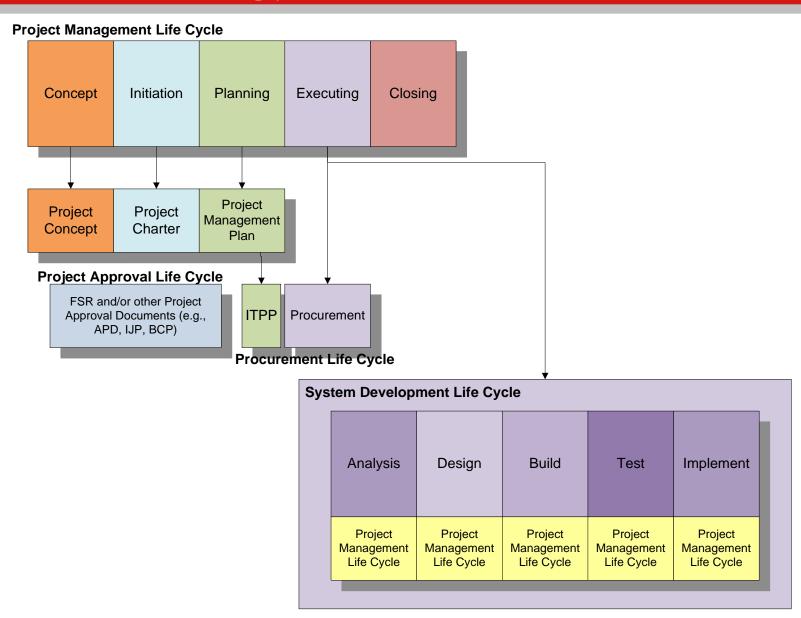
- Purpose CA-PMM serves as the states' IT project management standard
- Background May 15, 2008 Supplemental Report of the 2007 Budget Act Item 0502-001-9730 1



- CA-PMM Toolkit Implementation
- IT Project Complexity
- Status Reporting
- CA-PMM Training Requirements
- Scheduling Software
- Use of Additional or Supplemental Project Management Tools



# Methodology Framework

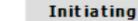




#### CA-PMM

#### Monitoring and Controlling

#### Concept





#### Planning



- Project Concept
- 1. Statement
- Size Estimate (ROM)
- 3. Project Charter
- a. Background
- b. Objectives
- c, Proposed Solution
- d, Preliminary Scope Statement
- e. Impact Assessment
- f. Deadline
- g, Size Estimate
- h, Complexity Assessment
- i, High Level Project Org
- j, Project Priorities
- k, Assumptions
- |, Constraints
- m. Procurement Assumptions
- n. Known Risks
- Runaway Triggers
- p. Shutdown Conditions
- q, Stakeholder Analysis
- Issue Log

#### Project Management Plan:

- a. Scope Management Plan
- b, Configuration/Change Control
- c. Human Resources Plan
- e, Communication Plan
- f, Risk Management Plan
- g, Cost Management Plan
- h, Quality Management Plan
- i, Schedule Management Plan
- j, Procurement Plan
- h, Contract Management Plan
- 6. Organizational Change Management Plan
- 7. Transition to Maintenance and Operations Plan



Concept Statement



Project Charter



Project Management Plan



#### CA-PMM

#### Monitoring and Controlling Closing M & O Formal Product Acceptance Operations Metrics

- Deliverable Acceptance Criteria
- Status Report:

Executing

- Team Member to PM
- PM to Spansor
- Sponsor to Exec-
- Metrics: Vital Signs, CPI, SPI. Earned Value
- Dashboard
- 10. Project Management Plan Updates
- 11. Benefit Validation
- 12. Customer Acceptance
- 13. Product Implementation

- 15. Transition to M & O Contract(s) Closure 17. Administrative Closure Closing Checklist 19.
- Post Implementation **Evaluation Report** 21. Lessons Learned

operations and close when benefits have been measured Projects enter maintenance and

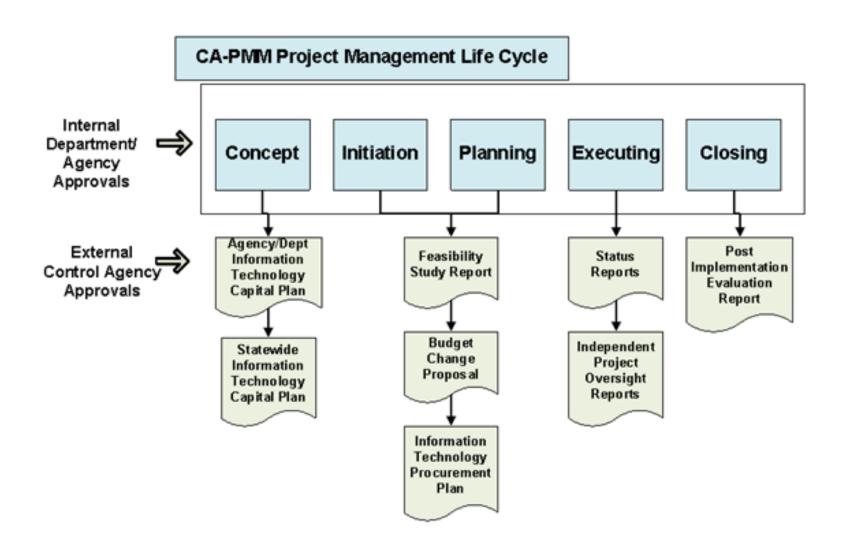


Deliverables & Performance Data

Contract/Admin Closure



## CA-PMM and External Approvals





# **CA-PMM Express**

- Focus is on the CA-PMM tools
- Scalability
- Vocabulary

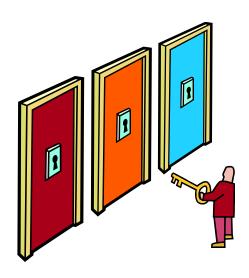


#### What is the Minimum Criteria for an Effort to be an IT Project?

- Consumes at least 500 hours of effort
- Provides an IT solution to a business problem/opportunity
- Is a unique effort
- Has a start date
- Has a target finish date
- Has defined objectives
- Has named deliverables
- Has a defined budget and resources



# Project Selection





# Your Project

- Business problem or opportunity
- Duration
- Multiple human resources



- All team members can be engaged
- Cannot be completed or underway
- PM must have 100% attendance



#### CA-PMM Toolkits

- Concept Toolkit
  - Concept Statement
  - Size Estimating
- CA-PMM Toolkit
  - Project Information
  - Template Inventory
  - Initiating
  - Planning
  - Executing
  - Closing
  - Acronyms



#### Toolkit ReadMe File

- Microsoft Excel® Basics
- Getting Started
- Toolkit Contents
- Workbook Navigation
- Using the Workbook
- Saving and Exiting
- Printing
- Contact

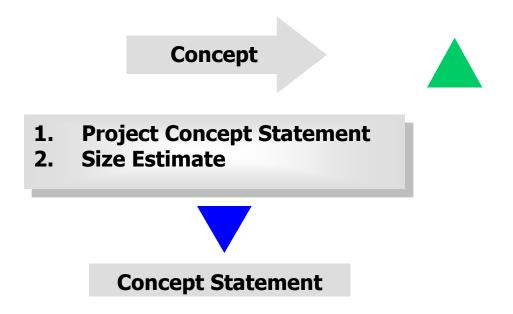


# Concept Stage



# Concept Stage

- The purpose of the Concept Stage is to communicate high-level information about a project idea.
- The major output of the Concept Stage is the Concept Statement.





#### Concept Statement

- Description
- Need Statement
- Benefit Statement
  - Tangible
  - Intangible
- Consistency
- Impact to Other Agencies
- Solution Alternatives
- Recommendations
- Project Approach



#### Concept Statement Exercise

- Complete a Concept Statement for the project you selected.
- Timing: 20 minutes



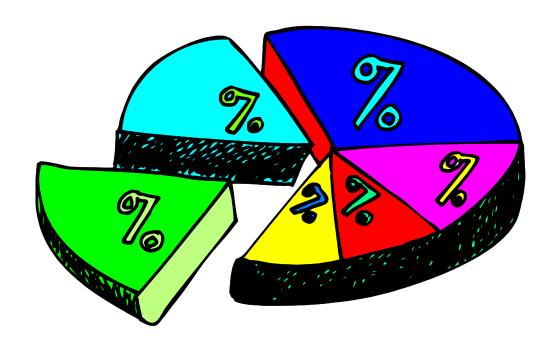
# Size Estimating

- High-level estimate of:
  - Cost
  - Duration
  - Resources





# Effort Distribution Estimating Model





## Effort Distribution Estimating

- Developed during the Concept Stage
- Supports management decision making
- Does not have a high level of accuracy
- Relies on historical data





# Effort Distribution Estimating Steps

- Step 1a: Select a Phase-Based Model
- Step 1b: Calibrate the Model
- Step 2: Identify a Base Phase
- Step 3: Develop Effort Estimate for the Base Phase
- Step 4: Compute Total Project Hours
- Step 5: Extrapolate the Effort of Each Remaining Phase



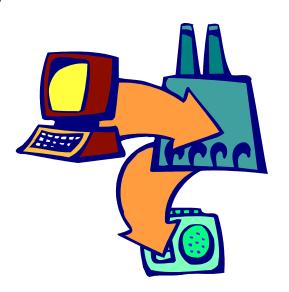
#### Steps - continued

- Step 6: Compute Phase Work Months
- Step 7: Develop Resource Estimate
- Step 8: Compute Duration
- Step 9: Prepare Phase-Based Gantt
- Step 10: Estimate Cost



## Step 1: Phase-Based Model

- Reflects how effort is distributed across phases
- Is based on any of the following:
  - Organizational historical data
  - Personal history and experience
  - Another project team
  - Industry data
  - Vendor supplied data





# Step 1a: Phase-Based Model

Phase Number	Phase Name	Model %
1	Procurement	5%
2	Analysis	15%
3	Design	20%
4	Development	30%
5	Test	10%
6	Implementation	15%
7	Transition to M&O	5%

**Total = 100%** 



# Step 1b: Model Calibration

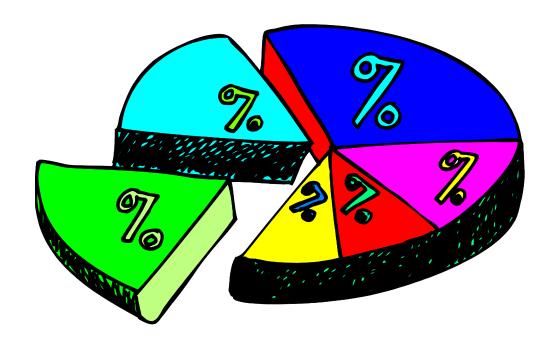
Phase Number	Phase Name	Model %
1	Procurement	5%
2	Analysis	15%
3	Design	25%
4	Development	30%
5	Test	15%
6	Implementation	15%
7	Transition to M&O	5%

Total = **110%** 



## Step 2: Select Base-Phase

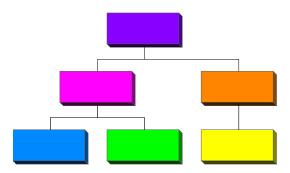
- The Phase most familiar to you
  - Minimum of 15% of total project effort
  - Ideally at least 30%





## Step 3: Estimate Base-Phase Effort

- Create a WBS of the base phase
- Develop effort estimates to complete the base phase using task-based estimates





# Step 4: Total Project Hours

Base Phase	%	Effort Estimate	•	%	II	Total Project Hours
Development	30%	8500	÷	.30		28333



# Step 5: Phase Effort

Phases	%	Total Project Hours	*	%	=	Effort Estimate
Procurement	5%	28333		.05		1417
Req. Analysis	15%	28333	*	.15	=	4250
Design	25%	28333	*	.25	=	7083
Development	30%	28333	*	.30	=	8500
Test	15%	28333	*	.15	=	4250
Implementation	15%	28333	*	.15		4250
Transition to M&O	5%	28333	*	.05	=	1417
Total Estimated Hours 31,167						

Slide 33



## Step 6: Phase Work months

- Productive hours per work month/FTE
  - Prod Hours/Day \* Prod Days/Month
- Example:
  - 6.5 \* 19 = 123 hrs Per Month





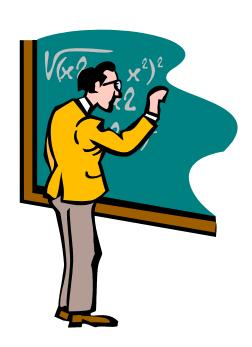
# Step 6: Phase Work months

Phase	Effort	÷	FTE Hrs/mo		Work Months
Procurement	1417	•	123		11.5
Req. Analysis	4250	•	123	<b> </b>	34.6
Design	7083	•	123	=	57.6
Development	8500	•	123		69.1
Test	4250	•	123		34.6
Implement	4250	•	123		34.6
Transition to M&O	1417	÷	123	=	11.5



#### Step 7: Resource Estimates

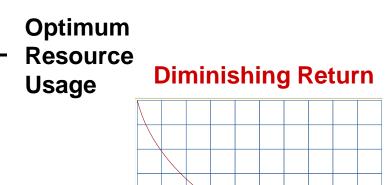
- Number of Optimal Full Time Equivalent (OFTE) resources
- Formula: OFTE =  $\sqrt{\text{Work Months}}$  + 1





#### Step 7: Resource Estimates

- 15 tasks
- Each task can be completed by one person in one day
- All of the tasks are independent of each other
- Resources Needed
  - 1 Person 15 days
  - 2 People 8 days
  - 3 People 5 days
  - 4 People 4 days
  - 5 People 3 days
  - 6 People 3 days
  - 7 People 3 days
  - 8 People 2 days





#### Step 7: Resource Estimates

OFTE = 
$$\sqrt{\text{Work Months}} + 1$$

Phase	Work Months	Square Root	+	1		OFTE
Procurement	11.5	3.4	+	1	=	4.5*
Req. Analysis	34.6	5.9	+	1	=	7
Design	57.6	7.6	+	1		8
Development	69.1	8.3	+	1		9.5
Test	34.6	5.9	+	1	=	7
Implement	34.6	5.9	+	1	=	7
Transition to M&O	11.5	3.4	+	1	=	4.5



#### Step 8: Phase Duration (OFTE)

Phase	Work Months	•	OFTE		Estimated* Duration
Procurement	11.5	•	4.5	=	2.5*
Req. Analysis	34.6	•	7	=	5
Design	57.6	÷	8	=	7
Development	69.1	÷	9.5	=	7.5
Test	34.6	÷	7	=	5
Implement	34.6	÷	7	=	5
Transition to M&O	11.5	•	4.5	=	2.5

<sup>\*</sup>round to the nearest half



#### Step 8: Phase Duration (PFTE)

- Probable full time equivalent (PFTE) resources
- The number of PFTE should be equal to or less than the OFTE





#### Step 8: Phase Duration (PFTE)

Phase	Work Months	•	PFTE		Estimated Duration
Procurement	12.4	÷	3		4
Req. Analysis	37.3	÷	6		6
Design	62.1	•	5.5		11.5
Development	74.6	÷	7.5		10
Test	37.3	÷	4	=	9.5
Implement	37.3	÷	4	=	9.5
Transition to M&O	12.4	÷	2	=	6



## Step 8: Project Management Effort

- Project management effort adds 5% 20% to total project effort
- Does not necessarily impact duration; runs in parallel with project work



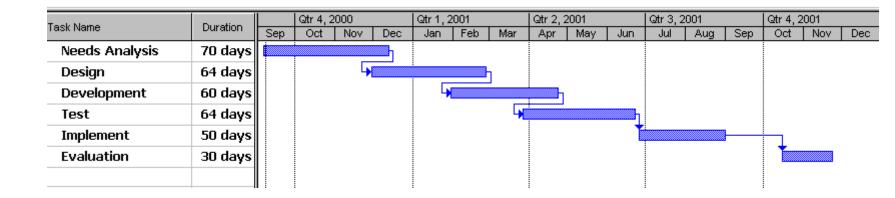


# Step 8: Project Management Effort

Phase	PM Effort
Procurement	10%
Req. Analysis	20%
Design	20%
Development	15%
Test	10%
Implement	15%
Transition to M&O	10%



#### Step 9: Phase-Based Gantt



The durations plotted above include additional lag days incorporated by the project manager.



## Step 10: Cost Estimating

- Burdened rate
- Estimated effort for each phase
- Compute the cost estimate for each phase
- Consider additional expenses

**Estimated Effort x Burdened Rate = Estimated Cost** 



# Step 10: Cost Estimating

PH	EH	*	1+ PM	=	TEE	*	BR	=	LC	+	AE	=	TC
Pro	857	*	1.1	=	943	*	\$95	=	\$90K	+	\$5K	=	\$95K
An	2571	*	1.2	=	3085	*	\$95	=	\$293K	+	\$35K	=	\$328K
Des	3429	*	1.2	=	4115	*	\$95	=	\$391K	+	\$10K	=	\$401K
Dev	5143		1.15		5914		\$95		\$562K	+	\$38K		\$600K
Tst	1714	*	1.10	=	1885	*	\$95	=	\$179K	+	\$15K	=	\$194K
Imp	2571	*	1.15		2957	*	\$95	=	\$281K	+	\$25K	=	\$306K
M&O	857	*	1.10		943	*	\$95	=	\$90K	+	\$5K	=	\$95k
Total Cost								\$2006K					
+35%								\$702K					
Estimated Project Cost									\$2708K				



#### Size Estimating Template

Print Worksheet
Copy Responses
Send to WORD

<b>Project Name:</b>	
OCIO Project #:	
Department:	
Revision Date:	

# **Estimating Summary**

Click to Start

Project Phases	Effort Hours	⊢πort		Internal Labor Costs (\$)	External Labor Costs (\$)	Prof. Fees (\$ 000)	Misc. Fees (\$ 000)	SW Costs (\$ 000)	HW Costs (\$ 000)	Estimated Costs (\$)
Procurement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Requirements Analysis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Design	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Development	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Test	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Implement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Transition to M&O	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

0 0 0	U	U
Estimated Project (	Cost	\$0
3.	5%	\$0
Total Estimated Project C	ost [	\$0
Est. Project Duration (Mon	ths)	0
3.	5%	0
Total Est. Project Duration (Mont	hs)	0



#### Size Estimate Exercise

- Complete the size estimating templates for your project.
- Timing: 15 minutes



#### Effort Distribution Estimating – Fit

- Medium to large projects
- Well-defined lifecycle methodology
- Not suitable for new or emerging technology projects
- Suitable for major enhancements



# Initiating Stage



#### Initiating – Purpose

- Purpose
  - Authorize the start of a new project or the start of a new project phase
  - Often begun by the organization that is requesting the product or service
- The major output of the Initiating Stage is the Project Charter.



## CA PMM Initiating Key Tasks

#### **Initiating**



- 3. Project Charter
- 4. Issue Log



**Project Charter** 



#### Objectives and Measures

#### Payroll Outsourcing Project –

- Reduce cost of producing payroll by 25% by December 31.
- Zero reduction in quality.

Critical Success Indicators	Metrics
Cost reduction	-25% relative to last year's payroll cost
On-time payroll delivery	On-time delivery >99.9% to all payroll recipients
Payroll errors	<0.1%
Security	Provision of contract and verified by annual security audit



#### Exercise

 Complete the Background, Objectives, and Solution sections of the Project Charter Template.

Timing: 15 minutes





#### High Level Requirements



- Must Have
- Should Have
- Nice to Have



#### High Level Requirements Exercise

- Complete the High Level Requirements section of the Project Charter
- Timing: 15 minutes





#### Three Areas of Scope

Current Scope

Future Opportunity

Outside of Scope





#### Attributes

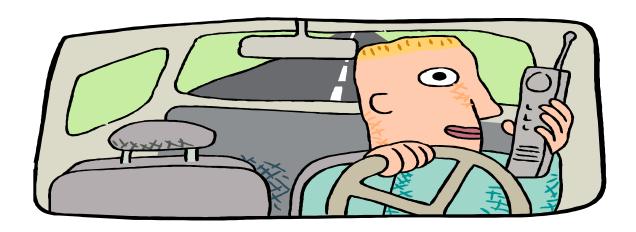
- Products
- Features
- Users
- Locations





#### Function vs. Feature

Product	Key Product Deliverables	Features
•Car •Website	<ul> <li>Engine, wheels,</li> <li>steering wheel</li> <li>Database, user</li> <li>interface, navigation</li> </ul>	<ul><li>CD player, power steering, air conditioning</li><li>Streaming audio or video</li></ul>





# Future Opportunities

Current Scope	Future Opportunity	Recommended Scope Adjustment
New house	Swimming pool	Piping sized to accommodate future pool





Outside of Scope	Rationale	
Exterior fence	Will be handled under a separate contract with a fencing specialist	



#### Summary Milestones

- Summary milestones are typically the big milestones that senior managers track.
- Referred to as "summary" milestones because you roll up the detail in order to produce progress reports regarding the achievement of the milestone.



#### Preliminary Scope Exercise

- Complete the Preliminary Scope Statement section of the Project Charter
- Timing: 20 minutes





## Impact Assessment Template

System, Process, Project	Nature of Impact	Owner	Action Required	Due



#### Deadline

#### Deadline

- Is there a deadline for this project?
- What are the reasons for this deadline?
- What happens if we miss the deadline?
- What trade-offs are possible?





#### Impact Assessment & Deadline Exercise

 Working as a team, complete the Impact Assessment and Deadline sections of the Project Charter Template.

Timing: 15 minutes





## Business Complexity Template

Low Complexity		Business Attribute	High Complexity	Rating	
0	1	2 3	4	Rating	
Static		Business rules	Changing	0	
Static		Current Business Systems	Changing	0	
Known and Followed		Decision Making Process	Not Known	0	
Low		Financial Risk to State	High	0	
Local		Geography	State Wide	0	
Clear and Stable		High Level Requirements	Vague	0	
Few & Routine		Interaction with Other Departments and Entities	Many and New	0	
None		Impact to Business Process	High	0	
		1			

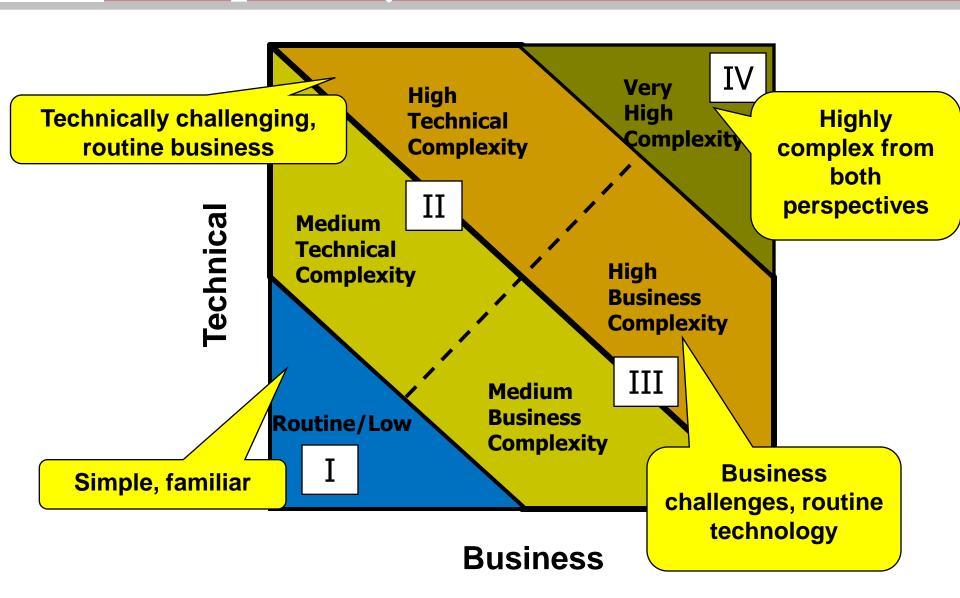


## Technical Complexity Template

Technical Attribute Low Complexity High Complexity Rating 2 1 Communications State wide 0 Local **Delivery Mechanism** 0 Established New Geography 0 State wide Local Hardware 0 Proven New Level Of Integration 0 Stand-alone Tightly Integrated Networks (L/W) 0 Proven/Stable New New Technology Architecture 0 In place Not in place Operations 0 9-5, Mon-Fri 24-hour, 7-day PM Technical Experience Expert Novice 0 Scope Management Process Established and in use 0 None Security 0 Light Tight Software 0 Proven New Standards And Methods 0 Established and In Use None Team 0 Experienced Inexperienced Tolerance To Fault 0 High Low Transaction Volume 0 High Low

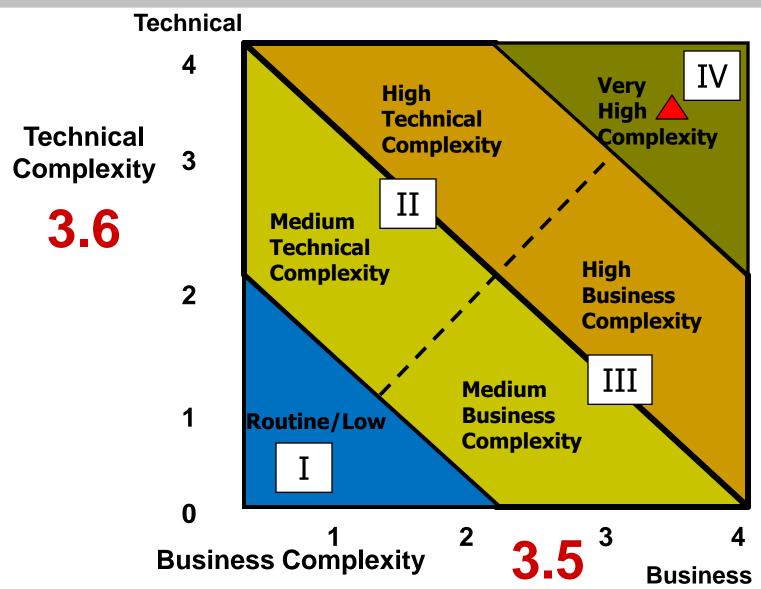


# Complexity Zones





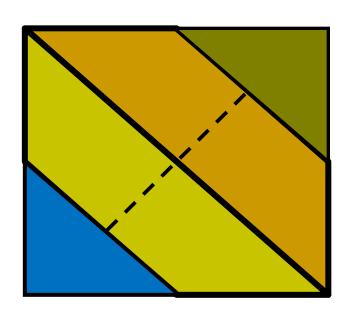
## Project Complexity Example





#### Complexity Analysis Exercise

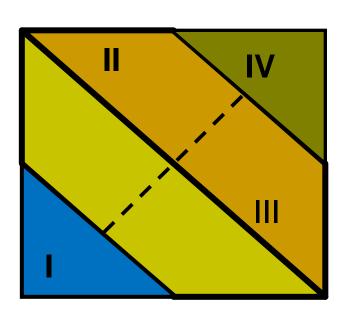
- Complete the Complexity Analysis for your project.
- Plot your project's complexity on the instructor's graph (flip chart)
- Timing: 20 minutes





## Project Complexity Analysis

- Staffing decisions
- PM assignment
- Project portfolio
- Budget reserve





## Suggested PM Skill Set Guidelines

Complexity		Duration		Budget		Resources	
•	Zone 1	•	< 6 months	æ	<\$500K	æ	< 5
c	Zone II, Medium Zone III, Medium	c	< 1 year	С	<\$1M	С	<10
c	Zone II, High Zone III, High	c	>1 year; < 3 years	C	>\$1M; <\$5M	С	11 – 20
c	Zone IV	c	>3 years; <10 years	C	>\$5M; <\$100M	С	21 – 40
		c	>10 years	С	>\$100M	С	40+

PM Level: Novice

Experience: Minimum 1 year working as a key team member on an IT project. Technical experience commensurate with the proposed technology.

Professional Knowledge: Understands the CA-PMM and department's methodology.

#### For Oversight Purposes:

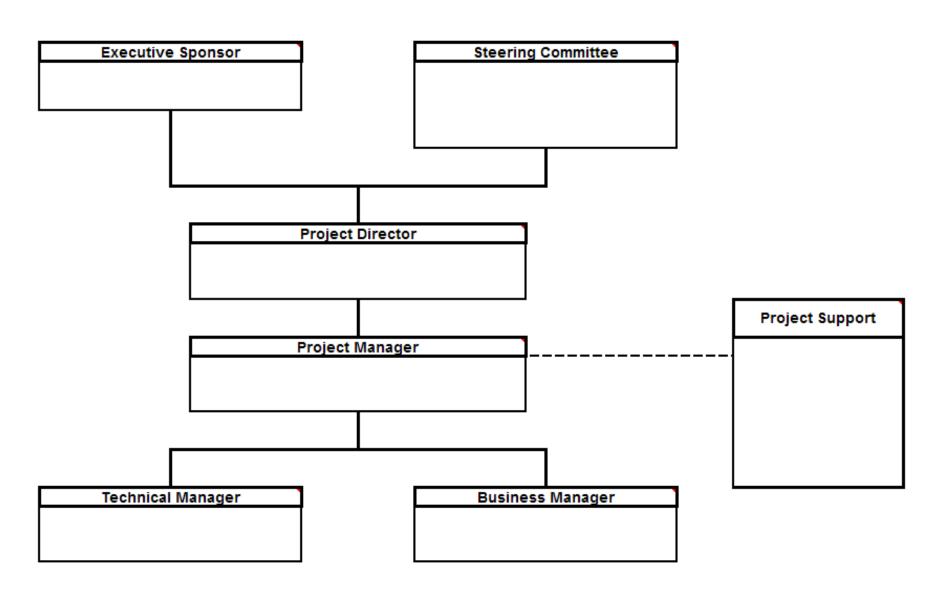
Zone I = Low Criticality/Risk

Zones II and III = Medium Criticality/Risk

Zone IV = High Criticality/Risk



## High-Level Project Organization



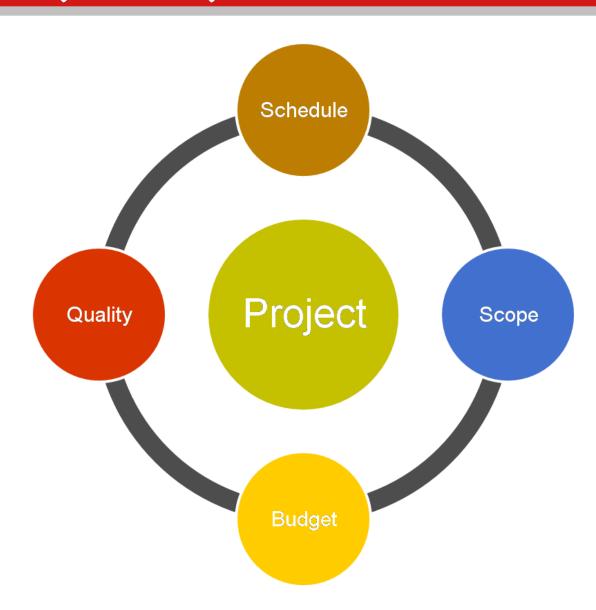


## High Level Project Org. Exercise

- Complete a High Level Project Organization Template for your project
- Provide the individual or group names who will be filling the appropriate roles
- Timing: 10 minutes



## Priority Analysis





## Definition of Quality

Be sure you have a good understanding of "quality"

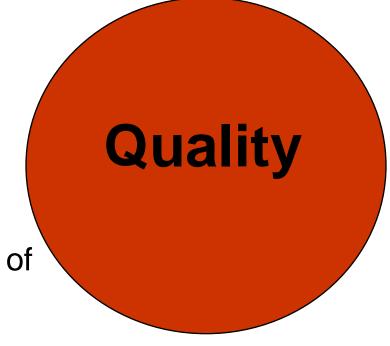
Different stakeholders may have different definitions of

quality

 Discuss quality with your customers and quality assurance group

 Develop a master list of quality attributes for the types of projects your organization undertakes

Tailor it to individual projects





## Multiple Stakeholder Priorities

 Step 3 - Use appropriate information to move stakeholders toward a common view of the Project priorities.

	Sponsor	Key Stakeholder	Key Stakeholder	Key Stakeholder	Final Ranking
Schedule	3	2	3	3	?
Scope	2	3	2	4	?
Budget	1	4	4	2	?
Quality	4	1	1	1	?



### Multiple Stakeholder Priorities

- <u>Step 3</u> cont.
  - When there is no common view, determine who is the most influential stakeholder and if their priorities should prevail.
  - If this is not practical, the sponsor will decide on the priority of the rankings.

	Sponsor	Key Stakeholder	Key Stakeholder	Key Stakeholder	Final Ranking
Schedule	3	2	3	3	3
Scope	2	3	2	4	4
Budget	1	4	4	2	2
Quality	4	1	1	1	1



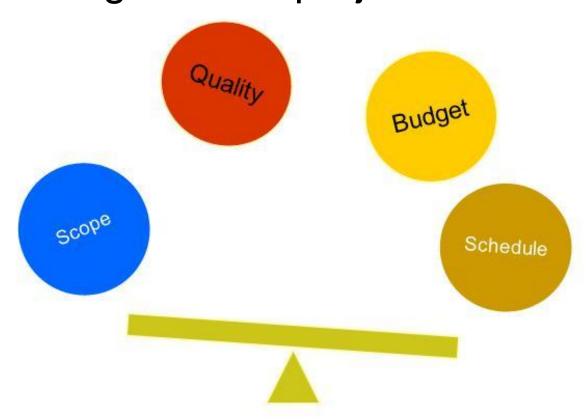
## Project Priorities - Thresholds

- Scope The minimal scope that must be delivered
- 2. <u>Budget/Cost</u> The maximum amount of money the customer is willing to spend
- Schedule The latest the project must be finished and implemented
- 4. Quality The level of quality below which the product will be unacceptable



## Project Priorities

If Priorities change, be sure to maintain the equilibrium among the four project attributes.





#### Project Priorities Exercise

- Complete the Project Priorities Template for your project.
- Timing: 20 minutes



## Assumptions & Risks

- Assumptions
- Constraints
- Procurement assumptions
- Known risks
- Runaway triggers
- Shutdown conditions





#### Exercise

- Complete the Assumptions and Risks section of the Project Charter
- Timing: 20 minutes





## Stakeholder Management ...

- A stakeholder:
  - Is actively involved in the project
  - Has interests that may be affected by the project's outcome
  - Might exert influence over the objectives or outcome



## ... Stakeholder Management

- Project managers must proactively:
  - Identify the stakeholders
  - Determine requirements and expectations
  - Determine communication requirements

Manage the stakeholders' influences relative to

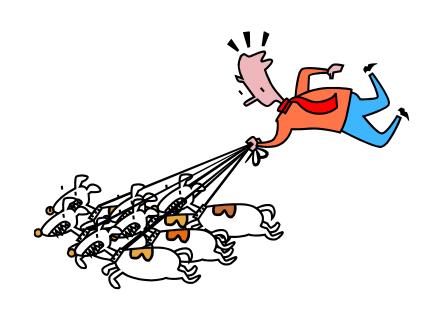
requirements





## Organizational/Functional Stakeholders

- Identify all stakeholders
- Vested Interest
- Assess their level of support
- Readiness
- Tolerance for Change
- Training Needs
- Other needs





## Org/Functional SH Template

Stakeholder	Interest	Support	Readiness	Tolerance For Change	Training Needs	Other Needs
Mike Jones	needs system to support hiring	In Favor	Not Ready	High	learning system orientation	none
Functional Managers	changes existing process	In Favor	Not Ready	IMAMILIM	learning system technical training	increased RAM



#### Exercise

- Complete the Organizational/Functional Stakeholder Analysis for your project.
- Timing: 20 minutes



## Issue Management

 PMBOK® Guide, Third Edition - A point or matter in question or in dispute, or point or matter that is not settled and is under discussion or over which there are opposing views or disagreements.

#### Manage:

- Keep a log
- Set a resolution date
- Communicate resolution to stakeholders



# Planning



## Planning

#### **Planning**



- 5. Project Management Plan:
- 6. Organizational Change Management Plan
- 7. Maintenance and Operations Plan

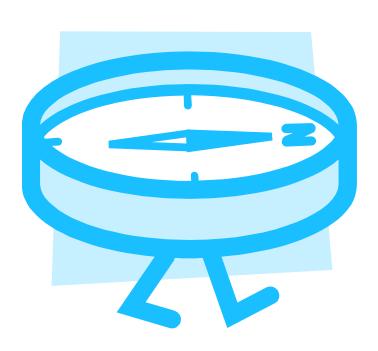


**Project Management Plan** 



### Project Management Plan Sub-Plans

- Scope Management Plan
- Configuration/Change Control Plan
- Schedule (Time) Management Plan
- Human Resources Management Plan
- Communication Management Plan
- Risk Management Plan
- Cost Management Plan
- Quality Management Plan
- Procurement Management Plan
- Contract Management Plan

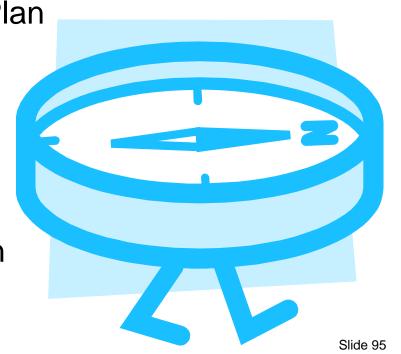




## Project Management Plan Sub-Plans

#### Scope Management Plan

- Configuration/Change Control Plan
- Schedule (Time) Management Plan
- Human Resources Management Plan
- Communication Management Plan
- Risk Management Plan
- Cost Management Plan
- Quality Management Plan
- Procurement Management Plan
- Contract Management Plan





## Scope Management Plan



- Project Scope Management Plan includes:
  - Process used to develop a detailed scope statement
  - Process used to develop a WBS
  - Project Scope Statement (updated)
  - Process used to evaluate scope changes
  - Scope Change Request





## Scope Change Request Template Planning

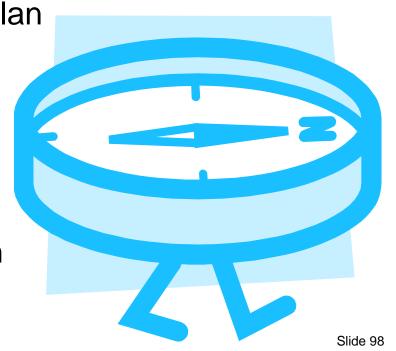


## Change Request Change Request # Description: Category: Benefits: Impact: Risk: Approval:



### Project Management Plan Sub-Plans

- Scope Management Plan
- Configuration/Change Control Plan
- Schedule (Time) Management Plan
- Human Resources Management Plan
- Communication Management Plan
- Risk Management Plan
- Cost Management Plan
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- Procurement Management Plan
- Contract Management Plan





## Configuration/Change Management

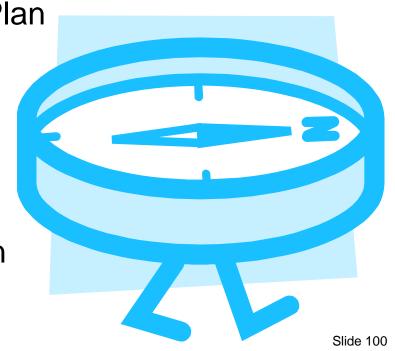
#### Purpose:

- To mange change to the project's baselines for scope, schedule, cost, and quality
- To manage change across the various planning documents to ensure that direct and indirect impacts are addressed
- To manage the storage, handling, and disposition of project media (both automated and paper)



## Project Management Plan Sub-Plans

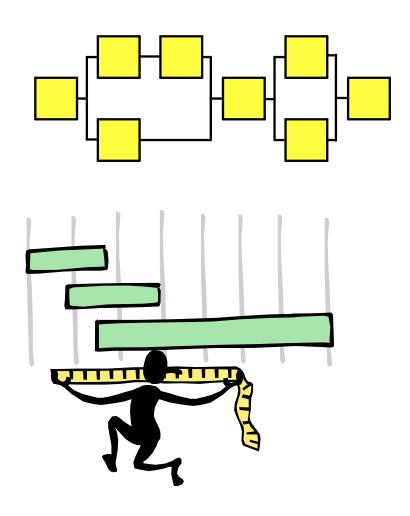
- Scope Management Plan
- Configuration/Change Control Plan
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- Procurement Management Plan
- Contract Management Plan





## Schedule (Time) Management

Defines how we will manage the schedule:







## Activity Resource Estimating



- Estimating the types and quantities of the resources needed to complete each activity:
  - Human resources
  - Material
  - Equipment
  - Consultants

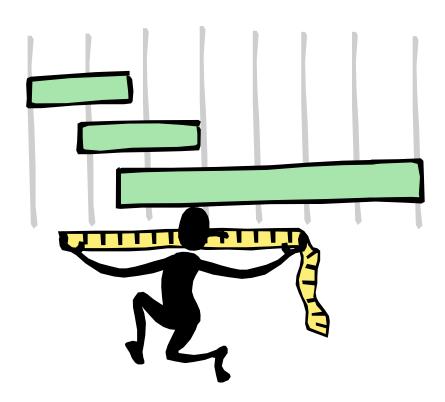




## Activity Duration Estimating



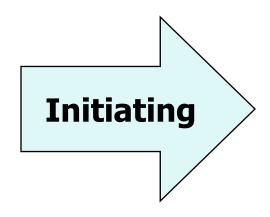
How would you like your boss to describe your estimates?





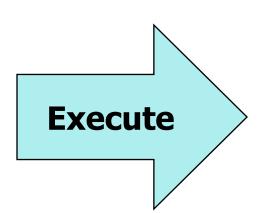
## Accuracy





As we progressively elaborate what we know about the project, the ranges of our estimates get smaller!

Planning





## Estimating Fundamental



- Effort: the amount of work expressed in hours
  - Effort-driven activities will require a longer or shorter duration as the effort increases or decreases.
- Duration: the number of work days, weeks, or months to complete the effort
  - Duration-driven tasks do not expand or contract regardless of the number of resources participating.



#### How Do You Get Estimates?



- Ask the person to whom the task is assigned
- Project manager estimates
- Gather a representative group
- Historical data





## 6 Steps To Activity Duration Estimating lanning

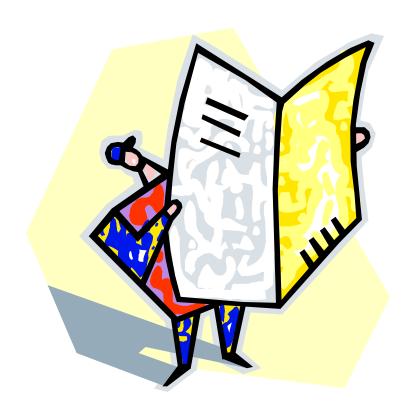


- Step 1 WBS Review
- Step 2 Network Diagram Review
- Step 3 Baseline Effort Estimate
- Step 4 Resource Profile
- Step 5 Effort Estimate
- Step 6 Activity Duration Estimate



### Activity Duration Estimate Worksheet Planning







### Activity Duration Estimate Worksheet Planning



#### **Formula for Duration Estimate**

	BE		EVF =	BE X EVF = EE	EE/ Hrs Work Day	= DE days				
Activity	Hrs	Resources	SF *	WIF *	MPF *	PPIF =				
Write Report	4	Sue	1.5	1.43	1.18	1.15	2.9	12	8	1.5



### Step 1 – WBS Review



- Review the most recent WBS and revise as necessary
- Be sure to include a detailed activity list for each deliverable

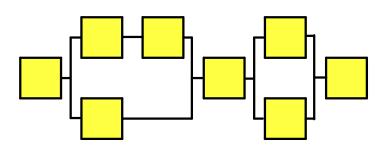




#### Step 2: Project Schedule Network Diagram



- Depicts the relationships among activities and milestones
- Shows the order in which various activities can be undertaken





### Step 3: Baseline Effort



- Proficient
- No interruptions
- Full-time assignment to the project
- Optimal work environment







No.	Activities	Baseline Estimate Hours
1.	Build user interface	16
2.	Test user interface	4
3.	Fix bugs in user interface	8



### Step 3: Baseline Effort Exercise lanning



 Enter the activities from your network diagram designated by your instructor onto the Activity Duration Estimate Worksheet

Estimate the baseline effort (BE) for each

activity listed

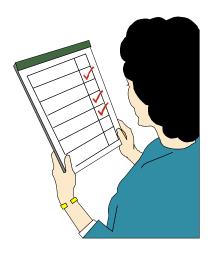
Timing: 15 minutes (



### Step 4: Resource Profile



- Resource Profiling
  - Skill Level
  - Work Interruption
  - Multi Project Assignment
  - Project Productivity Environment





### Step 4: Skill Level



- Proficient
  - Fully experienced, subject matter expert
- Competent
  - Competent in skills, solid knowledge of subject, good experience
- Learner
  - Basic competencies, some subject knowledge, little experience
- Novice
  - Some subject knowledge, extensive training needed, good work habits





### Step 4: Skill Factor Categories



Skill		
Level	Description	SF
Proficient: Level 1	Fully experienced, subject matter expert	1
Proficient: Level 2	Fully experienced, extensive subject matter knowledge	1.1
Proficient: Level 3	Extensive subject matter knowledge, some learning curve required	1.2
Competent: Level 1	Competent in all task-related skills, solid knowledge of subject, good experience	1.4
Competent: Level 2	Competent at similar tasks, solid subject knowledge, some learning curve required	1.5
Competent: Level 3	Competent at basic skills for the task, mid-range subject knowledge, some experience	1.75
Learner: Level 1	Possesses basic competencies for the task, some subject knowledge, little experience	2



### Step 4: Work Interruption Factor (WIF)

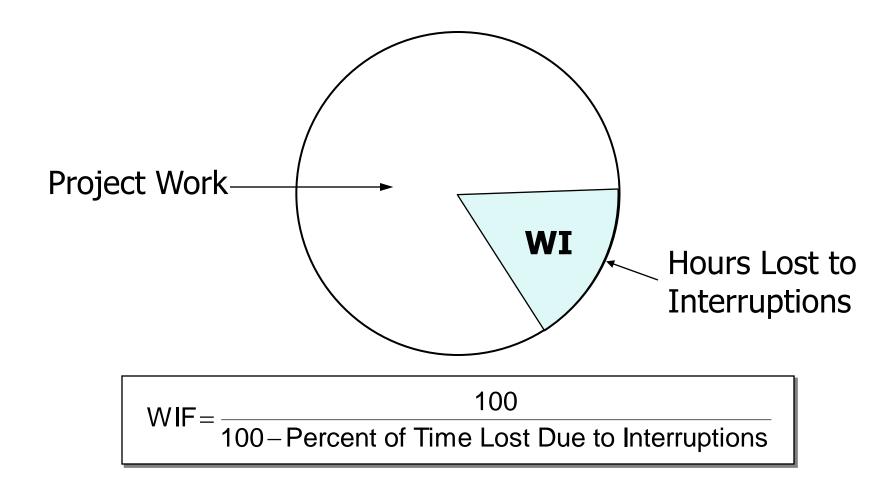
- Time lost due to interruptions
- Interview team member
- Interview team member manager
- Historical data





### Step 4: Work Interruption







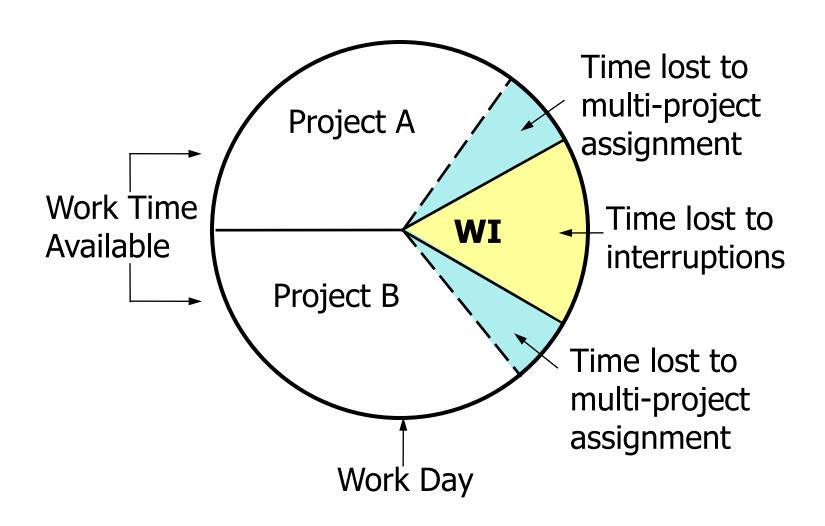
### Step 4: WIF



Percentage Lost Due to Interruption	WIF
5	1.05
10	1.11
15	1.18
20	1.25
25	1.33
35	1.54
45	1.82
50	2
75	4



### Step 4: Multi Project Assignment





### Step 4: Calculating MPF



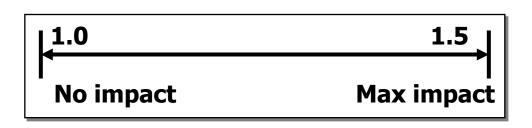
% Lost Due to Multi- Project Assignment	MPF
10%	1.11
15%	1.18
20%	1.25

$$\mathsf{MPF} = \frac{100}{100 - \% \text{ of Time Lost Due to Switching Between Projects}}$$



### Step 4: Project Productivity Environment

- Team size
- Team location
- Tool stability
- Vendor support

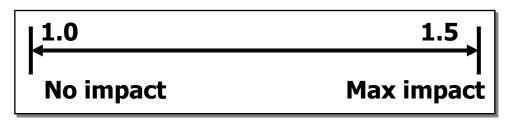






### Step 4: Project Productivity Environment

- Project duration
- Number of nemeses
- Turnover rate
- Team synergy
- Team-client synergy



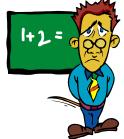




### Step 4: PPIF



Project Productivity Influencing Factors	Range: 1 to 1.5
Team Size	1.2
Team Location	1.5
Tool Stability	N/A
Vendor Support	1.1
Project Duration	N/A
Number of Nemeses	1.1
Turnover Rate	N/A
Team Synergy	1.1
Team-Client Synergy	1.2
Total	7.2
Number of Factors	6
PPIF =	1.2

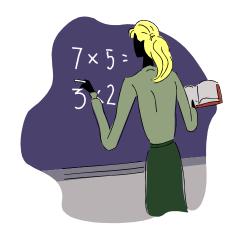




### Step 4: Effort Variance Factor Planning



- Skill Factor (SF)
- Work Interruption Factor (WIF)
- Multi-Project Factor (MPF)
- Project Productivity Influencing Factor (PPIF)





### Step 4: EVF Formula



SF	*	WIF	*	MPF	*	PPIF	=	EVF
1.50	*	1.33	*	1.18	*	1.20	=	2.8



#### Activity Duration Estimate Exercise



- Assign each activity for which you have a Baseline Effort Estimate to someone on the team
- Develop EVFs for each team member based on the activities to which they are assigned
- Timing: 20 minutes





### Step 5: Effort Estimate



Baseline	*	EVF	=	Effort
				Estimate
6 hrs	*	2.8		17 hrs*

Round up to the nearest whole number



## Step 6: Activity Duration Estimate

Activity	BE	Resource	*	EVF	=	EE	÷	Activity Hrs./ Work Day	=	DE
Write Report	4	Sue	*	2.9		12	•	8		1.5
Enter Data	6	Bill	*	5.1		31	•	4		8



### Estimating Exercise

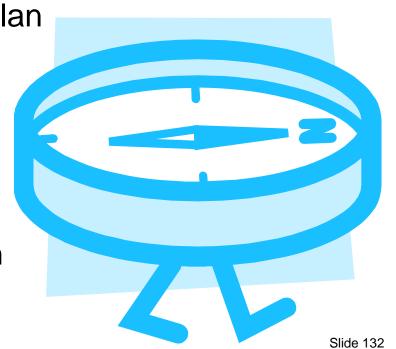


- Complete the Activity Duration Estimate Template for your project
- Write the duration of and the initials of the resource assigned to each activity (and lag) on the appropriate Post-It®
- Timing: 10 minutes



### Project Management Plan Sub-Plans

- Scope Management Plan
- Configuration/Change Control Plan
- Schedule (Time) Management Plan
- Human Resources Management Plan
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- Procurement Management Plan
- Contract Management Plan





#### Human Resource Plan



 Identifying and documenting project roles, responsibilities, and reporting relationships

#### Outputs:

- Project organization charts
- Staffing management plan
- PASI
- Project Management roles and responsibilities



### Staffing Management Plan Exercise Planning



- Using the Project Organization Chart, identify the key roles needed
- Complete the Staffing Management Plan Section of the Human Resources Plan worksheet
- Timing: 15 minutes





### Determine Required Skill/Level



- Proficient
  - Fully experienced, subject matter expert
- Competent
  - Able, good experience, solid knowledge
- Learner
  - Little experience, some knowledge
- Novice
  - Extensive training required





### Required Skills and Skill Level Planning



Role:	Instructor		Sou	ırce: <i>Tra</i>	ining De	pt.	
Resource Na	nis	Wh	When Needed: Aug 1 - Nov 30				
Required Skills	•				Actual	Skill	
SKIIIS	1	2	3	4	Skill Level	Gap Plan	
	Proficient	Competent	Learner	Novice	Levei	Flall	
Facilitation	x				2	Mentor	
Presentation Skills		X			3	Coaching sessions	
Knowledge of Subject		X			1	N/A	



### Required Skills Exercise



- Choose two of the roles you have identified
- Complete the Required Skills template for both roles
- Timing: 15 minutes



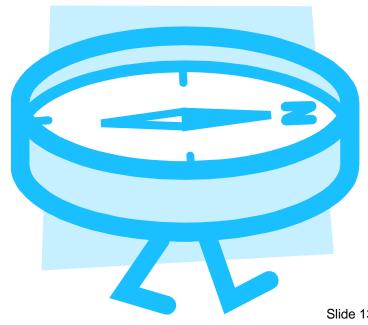


### Project Management Plan Sub-Plans

- Scope Management Plan
- Configuration/Change Control Plan
- Schedule (Time) Management Plan
- Human Resources Management Plan

#### Communication Management Plan

- Risk Management Plan
- Cost Management Plan
- **Quality Management Plan**
- Procurement Management Plan
- Contract Management Plan





### Communication Plan

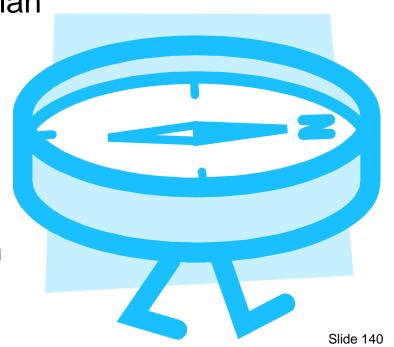


- Review the communication needs of your project
- Complete the Communication Plan Template
- (Internal and External Stakeholders and Recurring Meeting Planner)
- Timing: 20 minutes



### Project Management Plan Sub-Plans

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### Simple Probability and Impact Scales

Scale: 1(low) – 5 (high)

	Probability Scale
1	< 20% chance
2	20 – 40% chance
3	41 – 60% chance
4	61 – 80% chance
5	>80% chance

	Impact Scale
1	Less than 5% change to schedule, scope, budget, or quality
2	5 – 10% change to schedule, scope, budget, or quality
3	11 – 15% change to schedule, scope, budget, or quality
4	16 – 24% change to schedule, scope, budget, or quality
5	25% change to schedule, scope, budget, or quality

Note: Risk probability of 85+ percent is considered fact (constraint) and should be included in planning!!!

Within the next six months	1
From six months to a year from now	.66
Over a year from now	.33



# OCIO OFFICE OF THE State Chief Information Officer Risk Register



Risk	Prob. (1-5)	*	Impact (1-5)	*	Timing	=	Risk Level (1-25)
Audit & Control Needs	3	*		*		=	
Budget	2	*		*		=	
Customer Sophistication	4	*		*		=	



## Office of the State Chief Information Officer Risk Register



Risk	Prob. (1-5)	*	Impact (1-5)	*	Timing	=	Risk Level (1-25)
Audit & Control Needs	3	*	5	*		=	
Budget	3	*	4	*		=	
Customer Sophistication	5	*	5	*		=	

Risk	Prob. (1-5)	*	<i>Impact</i> (1-5)	*	Timing		Risk Level (1-25)
Audit & Control Needs	3	*	5	*	.66		10
Budget	3	*	4	*	1	=	12
Customer Sophistication	5	*	5	*	.33	=	5



## Risk Threshold



- 1-9
  - Low-level risk
- 10-15
  - Medium-level risk
- 16-25
  - High-level risk





## Risk Id./Qaul. Analysis Exercise lanning



- Working as a team, use the Risk Register to identify and rate the potential risks to your project:
  - Complete the "Probability" column
  - Complete the "Potential Impact" column
  - Calculate the risk levels

Timing: 15 minutes

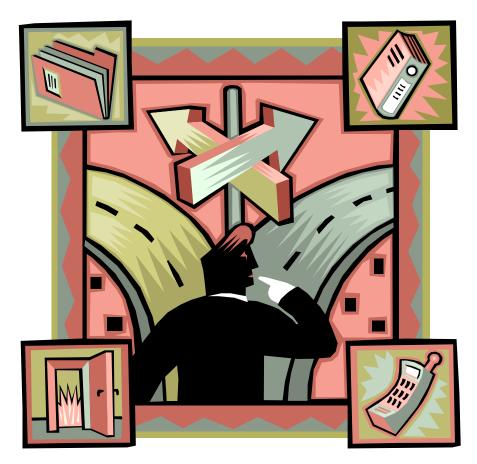




# Risk Response Planning



 Develop options and determine actions to manage risks





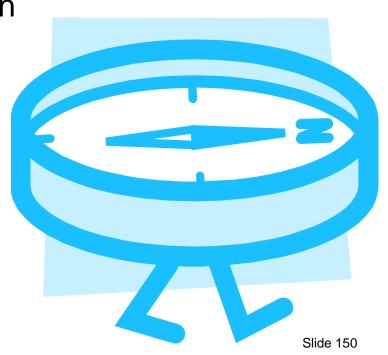
# Risk Response Planning Exercise

- Working as a team, choose two risks that you have identified
- Use the Risk Register template to develop Risk Management Plans (Cause thru Owner columns)
- Timing: 20 minutes



## Project Management Plan Sub-Plans

- Scope Management Plan
- Configuration/Change Control Plan
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- Procurement Management Plan
- Contract Management Plan





# Cost Management

## Cost Management Purpose:

 To ensure that the project team and its contractors will complete the project within budget. Cost management also includes an analysis of options and issues to determine their potential effect on the project's budget and operations.

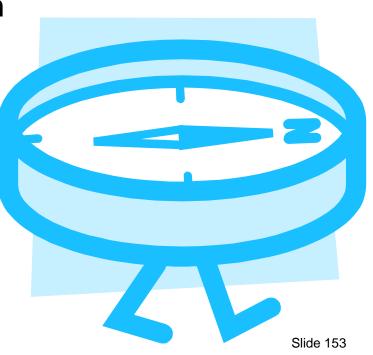
- Refer to the Cost Management Plan Worksheet.
- Complete the following sections:
  - Cost Planning
  - Cost Tracking
  - Cost Metrics and Reporting
  - Cost Control and Changes

Timing: 20 minutes



## Project Management Plan Sub-Plans

- Scope Management Plan
- Configuration/Change Control Plan
- Schedule (Time) Management Plan
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- Contract Management Plan





# Quality Management

 All the activities that determine quality standards, objectives, and responsibilities so that the project will satisfy quality requirements and produce a product that meets quality standards

PMBOK 3RD Edition

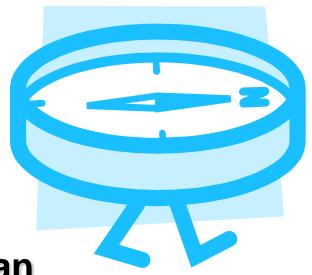


- Complete the Quality Audit/Review section of the Quality Management Plan template for your project.
- Check your WBS to be sure that you have included all of the identified quality audits and/or reviews.
- Timing: 15 minutes



## Project Management Plan Sub-Plans

- Scope Management Plan
- Configuration/Change Control Plan
- Schedule (Time) Management Plan
- Human Resources Management Plan
- Communication Management Plan
- Risk Management Plan
- Cost Management Plan
- Quality Management Plan
- Procurement Management Plan
- Contract Management Plan





# Procurement Management

## Procurement Management Purpose:

 To acquire goods and/or services at the best possible total cost of ownership, in the right quantity and quality, at the right time, in the right place, and from the right source—all used on the project via a contract



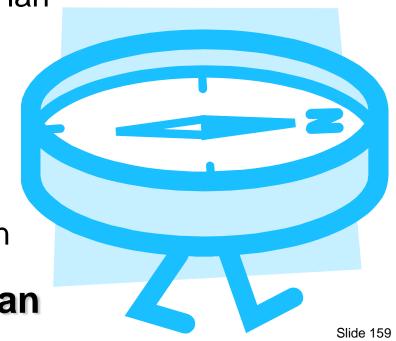
#### Procurement Plan Exercise

- Identify two items (goods or services) that will be acquired for your project
- Work those items through the Acquisition section of the Procurement Management Plan
- Timing: 15 minutes



## Project Management Plan Sub-Plans

- Scope Management Plan
- Configuration/Change Control Plan
- Schedule (Time) Management Plan
- Human Resources Management Plan
- Communication Management Plan
- Risk Management Plan
- Cost Management Plan
- Quality Management Plan
- Procurement Management Plan
- Contract Management Plan





# Contract Management

## Contract Management Purpose:

 To ensure that contractors and suppliers are adhering to the terms and conditions of the contracts and providing the required services/products that meet the expectations of the project



#### Exercise

- Complete the Contractor Performance Management section of the Contract Management Plan.
- Timing: 15 minutes



# Organizational Change Management

## Organizational Change Purpose:

- To transition the people and processes impacted by the project from their current situation to the new situation
- To ensure that a new situation has been achieved and that it aligns with the strategic objectives of the organization and the project objectives



- Complete the Organizational Change Management Plan for your project.
- Timing: 15 minutes



### M & O Transition Plan

## M&O Transition Plan Purpose:

- To ensure that maintenance and operations infrastructure is in place prior to the hand-off of the system, service, or product
- To facilitate the transfer of knowledge from the project team to the M&O team



### M&O Transition Exercise

- Complete the M & O Transition Steps section of the Maintenance & Operations Transition Plan
- Timing: 10 minutes



# Executing



## California Project Management Methodology

#### **Executing**



- 8. Deliverable Acceptance
- 9. Status Report
- 10. Project Management Plan Update
- 11. Benefit Validation
- 12. Customer Acceptance
- 13. Product Implementation



**Deliverables & Performance Data** 

### Purpose

- Coordinating people and resources
- Complete the work defined in the Project Management Plan
- Meet the requirements

## Outputs

- Deliverables
- Timely information to stakeholders



# Deliverable Acceptance Template

No.	Deliverable	Acceptance Criteria	Sign-off Authority
15	E-Templates	Content approved; fully functional; edited for spelling, grammar, and punctuation	G. Forrest
16	Slide deck	Notes pages complete; edited for spelling, grammar, and punctuation	G. Forrest
17	Curriculum	60/40 balance between lecture and activity; timing articulated; content coverts complete methodology	G. Forrest



# Customer Acceptance

No.	Deliverable	Acceptance Criteria	Sign-off Authority	Meets Criteria	Action Required
15	E-Templates	Content approved; fully functional; edited for spelling, grammar, and punctuation	G. Forrest	□ yes ⊠ no	Correct error message XYZ
16	Slide deck	Notes pages complete; edited for spelling, grammar, and punctuation	G. Forrest	⊠ yes □ no	none
17	Curriculum	60/40 balance between lecture and activity; timing articulated; content coverts complete methodology	G. Forrest	⊠ yes □ no	none



### Exercise

- Complete the No. thru Acceptance Criteria columns of the Deliverable Acceptance Criteria template for your project.
- Timing: 15 minutes



## Status Reports

- Team to project manager
- Project manager to sponsor
- Sponsor to Executive/Steering Committee





# Monitoring the Vital Signs











# Project Vital Signs

- Aggregate indicators of the overall health of a project
- 15 vital signs
  - Strategic
    - Strategy alignment, sponsorship, customer buy-in, technology viability, value-to-business, vendor viability
  - Tactical
    - Status of the critical path, milestone hit rate, deliverable hit rate, unresolved issues, cost-to-date, actual resources vs. planned resources
  - Environmental
    - High probability-high impact risks, overtime utilization, team disposition (effectiveness)



# Project Vital Signs

<b>✓</b>	1. Customer buy-in
<b>✓</b>	2. Technology viability
<b>✓</b>	3. Status of the critical path
<b>✓</b>	4. Cost-to-date
<b>✓</b>	5. High probability, high impact risks
<b>✓</b>	6. Unresolved issues
<b>✓</b>	7. Sponsorship Commitment
	8. Strategy alignment

 _
9. Value-to-business
10. Vendor viability
11. Milestone hit rate
12. Deliverable hit rate
13. Actual resources vs. planned resources
14. Overtime utilization
15. Team Effectiveness



# Vital Signs Indicators

## Green light

- All is well
- Variance is acceptable

## Yellow light



- Caution, trouble ahead
- The vital sign has reached a level at which it will begin to have a negative impact on the project

## Red light

- Danger, measurable impact on the project
- May be beyond project manager's ability to recover



### Benefit Validation

- Reality check
- If benefits are no longer valid, the project must be re-evaluated
- Refer to benefits stated in business case
- Explain assessment
- Describe action required



# Benefit Validation

Stated Benefit	Achievement	Explanation	<b>Action Required</b>
3% reduction in operating cost	□ validated ☑ probable □ possible □ not possible	Cost reduction based on reducing dependence on contractors; we have incorporated contractor job responsibilities into existing state employee job descriptions	None
Reduce manual effort in process by 50%	□ validated □ probable □ possible ☑ not possible	Unable to eliminate all manual spreadsheets; unable to create interface between XYS system and finance; best case is a 25% reduction	Analyze impact to overall project value; decide whether to continue to pursue this goal, or drop from Scope



- Refer to your description of expected benefit in the Background Section in the Project Charter.
- List two of the stated benefits in the Benefit Validation Template.
- Describe the process you will use to validate those benefits during Execution.
- Timing: 15 minutes



# Closing



#### California Project Management Methodology

#### Closing



- 14. Formal Product Acceptance
- 15. Operations Metrics
- 16. Transition to M&O
- 17. Contract(s) Closure
- 18. Administrative Closure
- 19. Closing Checklist
- 20. Post Implementation Evaluation Report
- 21. Lessons Learned



**Contract/Administrative Closure** 



## Purpose and Outputs

#### Purpose:

- Formally terminate project activities
- Hand off completed products or close cancelled project
- Formally close project contracts

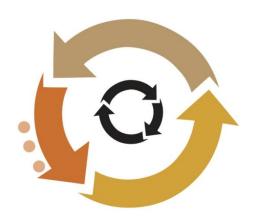
#### Outputs:

- Final product acceptance
- Contract closure
- Administrative closure



# Final Product Acceptance

- Executing:
  - Deliverable acceptance
  - Product implementation
- Closing
  - Product operating through pre determined cycles
  - Final/formal overall product acceptance





## Operations Metrics

- Product performance measurements
- Established in the requirements
- Communicated to operations group
- Verified as part of the project closing process



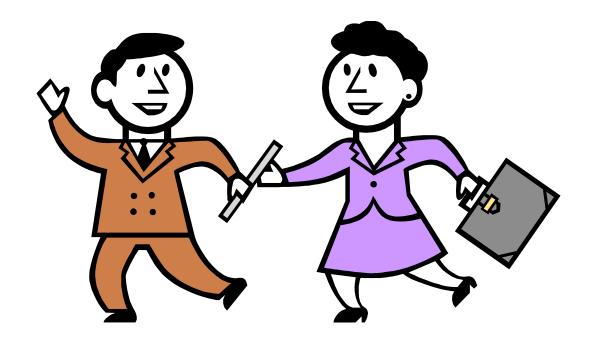
# Operations Metric Examples

Connections Completed	Count of connections that successfully completed their transfer and confirmation.			
Bytes Received	Total number of bytes received since the system started.			
Messages Received	Total number of messages received by the system.			
Bytes Sent	Total number of bytes sent out to connections.			
Commands Sent	Count of commands sent.			
Active Receiving Connections	A count of the currently active connections that are open and sending information.			
Connections in Queue	Number of connections currently waiting in the queue to be processed.			
Connections Failed	Number of connections that have failed to complete successfully.			
Average Connection Time	The average time a connection spends communicating with they system.			



#### Transition to M&O

 Execute the Maintenance and Operations Transition plan





#### Contract(s) Closure

- Process
  - Check if final work products received/done
  - Follow contractor evaluation process
  - Verify final invoices received and processed
  - Archive contract records
- Contract Tracking Database
  - What contract details will
  - be tracked?





#### Administrative Closure

- Collect, record, document and/or archive all project information needed to formalize and finalize that the project (or phase) is closed
- Closure actions include:
  - Human resources: evaluate and release from the project
  - Contracts: follow all closure procedures
  - Assessment: analyze project success or failure and capture lessons learned
  - Product/process: finalize transfer of ownership/authority of product or operations to the customer
  - Organizational process assets: archive project data and lessons learned



### Product/ System Use Review

- Post implementation and customer acceptance
- Observation of how people are using the product
- Part of benefits measurement
- Results may require action



# Product/System Use Review Example

Product	Observer	Date Observed	Used as designed	If not, why not	Impact	Action Required and Due Date
Global Template	B. Smith	10/15//07	⊠yes □ no			
Base Service Schedule	B. Smith	10/15//07	□yes ⊠ no	Not adjusting base assignment % when project commitments are made	Resources appear to be over allocated but actually are not	Review procedures w/ resource managers
Resource Allocation Report	B. Smith	10/15//07	□yes ⊠ no	No trust in data	Unable to do reliable demand planning	See above; and meet with directors to gain additional support



#### PIER continued

- Attainment of objectives
- Lessons learned
- Milestones



#### Financial Worksheets

- Financial Summary
  - Last approved alternative costs
  - Actual project costs
  - Cost comparison



#### Lessons Learned

- Conduct lessons learned sessions for all projects with key internal and external stakeholders
- Focus on technical or developmental processes
  - aided
  - hindered
- Specific results from lessons learned include:
  - Update of the lessons learned database
  - Input to the knowledge management system
  - Updated corporate policies, procedures and processes
  - Improved business skills
  - Overall product and service improvements
  - Updates to the risk management plan



# Maintenance & Operations

60

Projects enter maintenance and operations and close when benefits have been measured.



# Thank You!